A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO MEDICAL MARIJUANA.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that support for the

2 medical use of marijuana in the State is strong and that the

3 experience of the State with the medical use of marijuana has

4 been favorable, but that existing protections for patients are

5 very weak regarding civil penalties. Patients within the

6 medical marijuana program should not be less secure in their

7 employment, housing, school enrollment, or supplemental medical

8 care than patients who have made different private decisions

9 with their doctors concerning medication or treatment.

10 The legislature is mindful of the difficult position of

medical marijuana patients under federal law and seeks to ensure

12 that the rights of patients are protected, while at the same

13 time respecting the needs of institutions and individuals to

14 protect themselves from federal penalties. For this reason, the

15 rights afforded under this Act are limited to those situations

16 in which a school or landlord would not lose a monetary or

17 licensing-related benefit for compliance with state law, and to

11

- 1 those situations in which patients and caregivers are in strict
- 2 compliance with the State's medical marijuana law.
- 3 SECTION 2. Chapter 329, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 4 amended by adding a new section to part IX to be appropriately
- 5 designated and to read as follows:
- 6 "§329- Medical marijuana patient and caregiver
- 7 protections. (a) No school shall refuse to enroll or otherwise
- 8 penalize, and no landlord shall refuse to lease property to or
- 9 otherwise penalize, a person solely for the person's status as a
- 10 qualifying patient or primary caregiver in the medical marijuana
- 11 program under this part, unless failing to do so would cause the
- 12 school or landlord to lose a monetary or licensing-related
- 13 benefit under federal law or regulation; provided that the
- 14 qualifying patient or primary caregiver strictly complied with
- 15 the requirements of this part; provided further that the
- 16 qualifying patient or primary caregiver shall present a medical
- 17 marijuana registry card or certificate and photo identification,
- 18 to ensure that the qualifying patient or primary caregiver is
- 19 validly registered with the department of health pursuant to
- 20 section 329-123.

S.B. NO. 5.D. 2 H.D. 2

1	(b) For the purposes of medical care, including organ
2	transplants, a registered qualifying patient's use of marijuana
3	in compliance with this part shall be considered the equivalent
4	of the use of any other medication under the direction of a
5	physician and shall not constitute the use of an illicit
6	substance or otherwise disqualify a registered qualifying
7	patient from medical care.
8	(c) No qualifying patient or primary caregiver under this
9	part shall be denied custody of, visitation with, or parenting
10	time with a minor, and there shall be no presumption of neglect
11	or child endangerment, for conduct allowed under this part;
12	provided that this subsection shall not apply if the qualifying
13	patient's or primary caregiver's conduct created a danger to the
14	safety of the minor, as established by a preponderance of the
15	evidence. "
16	SECTION 3. Section 329-125, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
17	amended to read as follows:
18	"[+]§329-125[+] Protections afforded to a qualifying
19	patient or primary caregiver. (a) A qualifying patient or the
20	primary caregiver may assert the medical use of marijuana as an
21	affirmative defense to any prosecution involving marijuana under

S.B. NO. 5.D. 2

- 1 this [+]part[+] or chapter 712; provided that the qualifying
- 2 patient or the primary caregiver strictly complied with the
- 3 requirements of this part.
- 4 (b) Any qualifying patient or primary caregiver not
- 5 complying with the permitted scope of the medical use of
- 6 marijuana shall not be afforded the protections against searches
- 7 and seizures pertaining to the misapplication of the medical use
- 8 of marijuana.
- 9 (c) No person shall be subject to arrest or prosecution
- 10 for simply being in the presence or vicinity of the medical use
- 11 of marijuana as permitted under this part.
- (d) It shall be unlawful for any employer to discipline,
- 13 suspend, discharge, or discriminate against any of the
- 14 employer's employees solely because the employee tested positive
- 15 for the presence of marijuana or its metabolites in a substance
- 16 abuse test conducted in accordance with section 329B-5 or
- 17 section 329B-5.5; provided that:
- 18 (1) The qualifying patient strictly complied with the
- requirements of this part;

1	(2)	Nothing in this section shall be construed to
2		authorize the use of medical marijuana in the
3		workplace of an employee's employment;
4	(3)	Nothing in this section shall be construed to
5	,	supersede any statute, rule, employment contract,
6		collective bargaining agreement, or workplace
7		regulation or policy prohibiting an employee from
8		being under the influence of marijuana while working
9		in the workplace of the employee's employment; and
10	(4)	Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect
11		the rights of a person with disabilities who is a
12		qualified medical marijuana patient to request a
13		reasonable accommodation in employment in accordance
14		with Hawaii Administrative Rules Section 12-46-187 if
15		the person tests positive for marijuana use, except
16		that reasonable accommodation does not include
17		intoxication or marijuana use at work."
18	SECT	ION 4. Chapter 421J, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
19	amended by	y adding a new section to be appropriately designated
20	and to re	ad as follows:

1 "§421J- Medical marijuana; discrimination. A provision 2 in any association documents allowing for any of the 3 discriminatory practices listed in paragraphs (1) to (7) of 4 section 515-3 against a person residing in a unit who has a 5 valid certificate for the medical use of marijuana as provided 6 in section 329-123 in any form is void, unless the association 7 documents prohibit smoking tobacco and the medical marijuana is 8 used by means of smoking." SECTION 5. Chapter 514A, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 9 10 amended by adding a new section to be appropriately designated 11 and to read as follows: 12 "§514A- Medical marijuana; discrimination. A provision 13 in any articles of incorporation, declaration, bylaws, 14 administrative rules, house rules, association documents, or a 15 similar document of a condominium property regime allowing for any of the discriminatory practices listed in paragraphs (1) to 16 **17** (7) of section 515-3 against a person residing in an apartment 18 who has a valid certificate for the medical use of marijuana as 19 provided in section 329-123 in any form is void, unless such 20 documents prohibit smoking tobacco and the medical marijuana is 21 used by means of smoking."

S.B. NO. 5.D. 2 H.D. 2

- 1 SECTION 6. Chapter 514B, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 2 amended by adding a new section to be appropriately designated
- 3 and to read as follows:
- 4 "§514B- Medical marijuana; discrimination. A provision
- 5 in any articles of incorporation, declaration, bylaws,
- 6 administrative rules, house rules, or association documents
- 7 allowing for any of the discriminatory practices listed in
- 8 paragraphs (1) to (7) of section 515-3 against a person residing
- 9 in a unit who has a valid certificate for the medical use of
- 10 marijuana as provided in section 329-123 in any form is void,
- 11 unless such documents prohibit smoking tobacco and the medical
- 12 marijuana is used by means of smoking."
- 13 SECTION 7. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
- 14 matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
- 15 begun before its effective date.
- 16 SECTION 8. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 17 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 18 SECTION 9. This Act shall take effect on January 7, 2112.

Report Title:

Medical Marijuana; Protections

Description:

Prohibits discrimination against medical marijuana patients and caregivers by schools, landlords, courts with regard to medical care or parental rights, employers, planned community associations, condominium property regimes, and condominiums. Effective 1/7/2112. (SB1291 HD2)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.